

also going to lose what little benefits they get under the current welfare system. No; working families, working poor families, working middle class families continue to be under assault by this Republican Congress because they have not got the message these families need help.

AIRPORT SECURITY NEEDED NOW

(Mr. BURTON of Indiana asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. BURTON of Indiana. Mr. Speaker in 1990, we passed the Aviation Security Improvement Act, which was supposed to protect people in airports getting on their airplanes. It was supposed to deal with the possibility of detecting plastic explosives, which could kill a lot of people like that which happened in New York just a few short days ago. The problem is it did not work. It has not worked and since 1990, nothing really has been done.

They said by 1993 we would have devices at every airport, especially the international airports, to detect these plastic explosives. It has not happened, and now we have lost 230 some people over the Atlantic.

We need to put dogs at the airports that have the ability to sniff out plastic explosives. We use them in this Chamber, in the Capitol of the United States, and it will work at the airports.

The cost is very small compared to the machines we are talking about. Those machines could cost up to \$2.2 billion. To put dogs at 50 airports costs about \$4 million a year, and we could do it right away. We do not need to mess around. If we are going to protect the flying public in this country, we need to do it now.

Mr. Speaker, I have introduced a bill to this effect, and I hope all of my colleagues will cosponsor it.

THE COMP TIME BILL

(Mr. BONIOR asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. BONIOR. Mr. Speaker, this comp time bill is not about compensation, and it is not about flexibility, and it certainly is not about helping working families. It is about ending the 40-hour workweek. It is about cutting people's pay. It is about changing the laws so employers no longer have to pay overtime wages for overtime work.

This bill takes away the only real raise that most people have gotten over the last 20 years, and they have earned that through their own hard work, through their sweat.

Mr. Speaker, if this bill becomes law, as this chart points out, a single mom who puts in 47 hours at 5 bucks an hour can lose \$50 a week. The factory worker who gets \$10 an hour can lose \$110 a week. This is a 22-percent cut.

Mr. Speaker, if this bill becomes law, workers are going to need comp time

just to find a second job to make up for the money they lose in overtime pay.

PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 2391, WORKING FAMILIES FLEXIBILITY ACT OF 1996

Ms. GREENE of Utah. Mr. Speaker, by direction of the Committee on Rules, I call up House Resolution 488 and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the resolution, as follows:

H. RES. 488

Resolved, That at any time after the adoption of this resolution the Speaker may, pursuant to clause 1(b) of rule XXIII, declare the House resolved into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for consideration of the bill (H.R. 2391) to amend the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 to provide compensatory time for all employees. The first reading of the bill shall be dispensed with. General debate shall be confined to the bill and shall not exceed one hour equally divided and controlled by the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on Economic and Educational Opportunities. After general debate the bill shall be considered for amendment under the five-minute rule for a period not to exceed two hours. It shall be in order to consider as an original bill for the purpose of amendment under the five-minute rule the amendment in the nature of a substitute recommended by the Committee on Economic and Educational Opportunities now printed in the bill. The committee amendment in the nature of a substitute shall be considered as read. Points of order against the committee amendment in the nature of a substitute for failure to comply with clause 7 of rule XVI are waived. Before consideration of any other amendment it shall be in order to consider the amendment printed in the report of the Committee on Rules accompanying this resolution, if offered by Representative Goodling of Pennsylvania or his designee. That amendment shall be considered as read, may amend portions of the bill not yet read, shall be debatable for ten minutes equally divided and controlled by the proponent and an opponent, shall not be subject to amendment, and shall not be subject to a demand for division of the question in the House or in the Committee of the Whole. If that amendment is adopted, the committee amendment in the nature of a substitute, as amended, shall be considered as the original bill for the purpose of further amendment. No further amendment to the committee amendment in the nature of a substitute, as amended, shall be in order except those printed in the portion of the Congressional Record designated for that purpose in clause 6 of rule XXIII. Amendments so printed shall be considered as read. The Chairman of the Committee of the Whole may: (1) postpone until a time during further consideration in the Committee of the Whole a request for a recorded vote on any amendment; and (2) reduce to five minutes the minimum time for electronic voting on any postponed question that follows another electronic vote without intervening business, provided that the minimum time for electronic voting on the first in any series of questions shall be fifteen minutes. At the conclusion of consideration of the bill for amendment the Committee shall rise and report the bill to the House with such amendments as may have been adopted. Any Member may demand a separate vote in the House on any amendment adopted in the Committee of the Whole to

the bill or to the committee amendment in the nature of a substitute. The previous question shall be considered as ordered on the bill and amendments thereto to final passage without intervening motion except one motion to recommit with or without instructions.

□ 0945

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. KINGSTON). The gentlewoman from Utah [Ms. GREENE] is recognized for 1 hour.

Ms. GREENE of Utah. Mr. Speaker, for the purpose of debate only, I yield the customary 30 minutes to the gentleman from Massachusetts [Mr. MOAKLEY], pending which I yield myself such time as I may consume. During consideration of this resolution, all time yielded is for the purpose of debate only.

Mr. Speaker, House Resolution 488 is a modified open rule providing for the consideration of H.R. 2391, the Working Families Flexibility Act. The rule provides for 1 hour of general debate, equally divided between the chairman and the ranking member of the Committee on Economic and Educational Opportunities.

Mr. Speaker, the rule makes in order the Committee on Economic and Educational Opportunities amendment in the nature of a substitute as an original bill for purpose of amendment, with each section considered as read. The rule waives clause 7 of rule XVI, which requires amendments to be germane, against this committee amendment in the nature of substitute. This waiver is necessary because the committee amendment includes a remedy provision to further enhance existing worker protections, and this provision is technically beyond the scope of the bill.

Mr. Speaker, the rule provides for the consideration of the manager's amendment printed in the Rules Committee report, which amendment shall be considered as read. This amendment shall not be subject to amendment or to a division of the question, may amend portions of the bill not yet read, and is debatable for 10 minutes equally divided between the proponent and an opponent. If adopted, this manager's amendment shall be considered as part of the base text for further amendment purposes.

In order to better accommodate members' schedules, the rule allows the Chairman of the Committee of the Whole to postpone votes and reduce voting time to 5 minutes.

Mr. Speaker, there are only 26 legislative days left in this Congress, and there remain a large number of priority items that must be considered by the House, including the remainder of the reconciliation process and all 13 appropriations conference reports. Accordingly, the rule provides for a 2-hour limit on the amendment process. Given that no amendments were offered during the full committee markup of this legislation, and only one amendment has been filed, 2 hours